



# Myfuture CBC Revision

## Social Studies - Grade 6

### Question Paper

1. Which lake is the largest in Kenya?

- A. Lake Naivasha
- B. Lake Turkana
- C. Lake Nakuru
- D. Lake Victoria

2. What was the economic activity of the Nilotic?

- A. Building and construction
- B. Agriculture
- C. Traders
- D. Pastoralism

3. Which farming method involves rotating crops in a systematic way to improve soil health and prevent pests?

- A. Mixed farming
- B. Commercial farming
- C. Organic farming
- D. Monoculture farming

4. Which farming method focuses on reclaiming desert land for agriculture by using irrigation and planting drought-resistant crops?

- A. Dryland farming
- B. Desert farming
- C. Greenhouse farming
- D. Terrace farming

5. The three arms of government include the following except

- A. Legislature
- B. Judiciary
- C. The Senate
- D. Executive

6. Which mineral is commonly mined in Tanzania's Buhemba mine?

- A. Salt
- B. Copper
- C. Diamond
- D. Coal

7. Who is considered the founding father of Kenya?

- A. Raila Odinga
- B. Jomo Kenyatta
- C. Mwai Kibaki
- D. Uhuru Kenyatta

8. Which industry in Kenya has been negatively impacted by climate change and environmental degradation?

- A. Manufacturing
- B. Tourism
- C. Mining
- D. Agriculture

9. What is a ceasefire?

- A. An agreement to increase military actions
- B. A negotiation to establish trade relations
- C. A temporary stoppage of fighting
- D. A declaration of war

10. Who ensures that the school follows the national curriculum guidelines?

- A. Government
- B. Parents
- C. Teachers
- D. School Administration

11. Where would you find the symbol that indicates which city on the map is the capital city?

- A. scale
- B. title
- C. elevation
- D. legend

12. Which mountain is the highest peak in Kenya?

- A. Mount Elgon
- B. Mount Kenya
- C. Mount Kilimanjaro
- D. Mount Longonot

13. Which of the following vegetation types is common in arid regions of Kenya?

- A. Savanna grasslands
- B. Tropical rainforest
- C. Mangrove forests
- D. Desert cacti

14. Which of the following is not a drainage feature

- A. rivers
- B. hill
- C. sea
- D. oceans

15. What is a common horticultural tool used in Kenya?

- A. Shovel
- B. Hoe
- C. Hammer
- D. Fishing net

16. Which is the largest city in western Kenya?

- A. Nakuru
- B. Kisumu
- C. Kakamega
- D. Eldoret

17. What is the traditional way of fishing practiced by some communities in Eastern Africa?

- A. Handline fishing
- B. Electric fishing
- C. Freezing fishing
- D. Industrial fishing

18. What impact does proximity to the coast have on population distribution in Kenya?

- A. Decreases coastal population
- B. No impact on coastal population
- C. Increases coastal population
- D. Irrelevant factor

19. What is the main benefit of community-based tourism initiatives in Eastern Africa?

- A. Displacing local communities from their land
- B. Empowering local communities and promoting conservation
- C. Maximizing profits for foreign investors
- D. Negatively impacting wildlife populations

20. How do traditional leaders in Kenya contribute to cultural preservation?

- A. By organizing cultural festivals
- B. By promoting foreign cultures
- C. By banning traditional practices
- D. By discouraging artistic expression

21. Which of the following is not a human right guaranteed by the Kenyan Constitution?

- A. Right to healthcare
- B. Right to education
- C. Right to own a car
- D. Right to vote

22. What is the main role of the National Land Commission in Kenya?

- A. Allocating land titles
- B. Protecting public land
- C. Managing wildlife reserves
- D. Regulating mining activities

23. Which mode of transport is commonly used by government officials in Kenya for official functions?

- A. Bicycle
- B. Scooter
- C. Motorcade
- D. Hot Air Balloon

24. Which mountain range runs along the western border of Kenya?

- A. Rwenzori Mountains
- B. Himalayas
- C. Andes
- D. Rocky Mountains

25. Which farming method is best suited for regions with abundant access to water and high humidity?

- A. Terrace farming
- B. Aquaponics farming
- C. Greenhouse farming
- D. Dryland farming

26. Which mode of transport is commonly used by construction companies in Kenya to transport building materials to site?

- A. Motorcycle
- B. Bulldozer
- C. Tow Truck
- D. Dump Truck

27. What is the official language of Kenya?

- A. Swahili
- B. Chinese
- C. English
- D. French

28. Why is inter-dependence important for the growth and development of Kenya as a country?

- A. To foster cooperation and collaboration for progress and prosperity
- B. To discourage unity and collaboration among Kenyans
- C. To promote self-sufficiency and isolation from other countries
- D. To limit access to resources and opportunities for individuals

29. Which animal is commonly raised by pastoral communities in Kenya?

- A. Ducks
- B. Chickens
- C. Pigs
- D. Goats

30. Which of the following is a common theme for school plays and skits in Kenyan schools?

- A. African Folktales
- B. Superhero Showdown
- C. Time Travel Dilemma
- D. Outer Space Adventures

31. What architectural feature is common in Maasai traditional dwellings?

- A. A) Thatched roofs
- B. C) Brick walls
- C. B) Glass windows
- D. D) Stone foundations

32. Which group represent Highland Nilotes of Uganda?

- A. Tugen
- B. Nandi
- C. Kipsigis
- D. Sebei

33. How can inter-dependence of people contribute to the overall development of infrastructure in Kenya?

- A. By isolating communities from external support for infrastructure projects
- B. By promoting individual ownership of public facilities
- C. By encouraging competition for limited resources
- D. By fostering collaboration in building and maintaining infrastructure

34. Which early form of government in Kenya involved a system where power was concentrated in the hands of a few powerful individuals?

- A. Oligarchy
- B. Republic
- C. Autocracy
- D. Democracy

35. Which farming method involves planting different crops in a planned sequence on the same land?

- A. Greenhouse Farming
- B. Slash and Burn
- C. Crop Rotation
- D. Terracing

36. What is the primary responsibility of a school administrator?

- A. Managing school finances
- B. Enforcing school rules
- C. Creating school timetable
- D. Teaching students

37. Which colonial power had a significant influence on the architectural styles in Eastern Africa?

- A. B) France
- B. C) Portugal
- C. A) Spain
- D. D) Britain

38. What is the significance of The Preamble of the Constitution of Kenya in the country's political system?

- A. It establishes a dictatorship
- B. It outlines the duties of the military
- C. It serves as a statement of the collective will of the people
- D. It reserves all power to the President

39. Which natural resource is commonly mined in Kenya and contributes to the country's economy?

- A. Salt
- B. Natural gas
- C. Coal
- D. Soda ash

40. What is the main purpose of fishing in Eastern Africa?

- A. For transportation
- B. For farming
- C. For entertainment
- D. For food

41. Which mode of transport is most commonly used by people in rural areas of Kenya?

- A. Subway
- B. Car
- C. Bicycle
- D. Helicopter

42. Which level of government do traditional leaders primarily operate within in Kenya?

- A. International organizations
- B. National government
- C. Local community
- D. County government

43. Which of the following is a key factor in determining milk prices in Kenya?

- A. Type of cow breed
- B. Time of day
- C. Distance to market
- D. Color of the milk

44. The state must stop others from interfering with people's rights is the state obligation to provide \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Adequate Progress
- B. Effective remedies
- C. Protection
- D. Non discrimination

45. Which mineral is a key component in the production of aluminum?

- A. Gold
- B. Bauxite
- C. Copper
- D. Iron ore

46. Which type of transport is commonly used for moving goods along the Rift Valley in Eastern Africa?

- A. Donkey caravan
- B. Zeppelin
- C. Speedboat
- D. Train

47. What is the official currency of Kenya?

- A. Shilling
- B. Yen
- C. Dollar
- D. Euro

48. Which county in Kenya has the highest population density after Nairobi County?

- A. Kisumu County
- B. Mombasa County
- C. Kiambu County
- D. Nakuru County

49. Which resource is commonly used for fuel in industries in the county?

- A. Peat
- B. Propane
- C. Kerosene
- D. Coal

50. Who is responsible for making laws in Kenya?

- A. Parliament
- B. Judiciary
- C. President
- D. Military

