



Myfuture CBC Revision

Social Studies - GRADE 8

Question Paper

1. Which symbol on a map indicates a gas station?

- A. P
- B. G
- C. GS
- D. F

2. How can you show kindness to a friend struggling with insecurities?

- A. Comparing them to others
- B. Pointing out their insecurities
- C. Ignoring their struggles
- D. Building them up with positive affirmations

3. Which region in Africa has the highest population of internally displaced persons?

- A. Central Africa
- B. West Africa
- C. Southern Africa
- D. East Africa

4. What is the role of citizens in the process of political problem solving?

- A. Spreading misinformation
- B. Demanding transparency and accountability
- C. Engaging in illegal activities
- D. Avoiding all involvement

5. How can critical thinking skills benefit individuals in navigating complex political landscapes?

- A. By promoting conformity to existing norms
- B. By enabling wise decision-making
- C. By avoiding engagement with differing opinions
- D. By limiting exposure to diverse perspectives

6. What is the main purpose of the African Diaspora Marketplace program?

- A. Supporting small businesses in Africa
- B. Fostering international trade agreements
- C. Building infrastructure in African diaspora communities
- D. Promoting tourism in Africa

7. What is the importance of transparency in political governance?

- A. To confuse the public with misinformation
- B. To limit public participation in decision-making
- C. To promote accountability and prevent corruption
- D. To keep information secret from citizens

8. What was the primary source of income for the Luo community in Kenya up to 1900?

- A. Fishing
- B. Mining
- C. Agriculture
- D. Hunting

9. How does political polarization affect governance and decision-making?

- A. By promoting unity and collaboration among political parties
- B. By fostering transparency and accountability
- C. By encouraging constructive dialogue and compromise
- D. By creating divisions, conflicts, and obstacles to effective governance

10. Why is it important for individuals to develop global citizenship skills?

- A. To remain isolated from global issues
- B. To contribute positively to the global community
- C. To avoid interactions with people from different cultures
- D. To only focus on personal interests

11. Why is it important to seek support from loved ones for building self-esteem?

- A. To receive constant praise and validation
- B. To share vulnerabilities, receive encouragement, and build connections
- C. To compete with loved ones
- D. To rely solely on others for self-worth

12. What type of climate does the coastal region of Kenya experience?

- A. Tropical rainforest
- B. Tropical monsoon
- C. Desert
- D. Savannah

13. What impact did surplus agricultural production have on early Kenyan societies?

- A. Scarcity
- B. Disease
- C. Wealth
- D. Famine

14. What is the main focus of career opportunities in social studies in Kenya?

- A. Medicine
- B. Accounting
- C. Engineering
- D. Teaching

15. Which of the following is a democratic principle?

- A. Martial law
- B. One-party rule
- C. Censorship of the press
- D. Freedom of speech

16. How can social media be utilized to raise awareness about human rights issues?

- A. By fostering misinformation and propaganda
- B. By quashing dissenting voices and restricting content
- C. By censoring information and limiting access
- D. By enabling rapid communication and reaching a global audience

17. Which East African country is known for its sugar production?

- A. Burundi
- B. Tanzania
- C. Kenya
- D. Uganda

18. What is a healthy boundary in a relationship?

- A. Respecting each other's privacy
- B. Having no personal space
- C. Disregarding the other person's feelings
- D. Being overly controlling

19. What role do indigenous communities play in sustainable resource management?

- A. To exploit natural resources without consideration for sustainability
- B. To ignore the importance of land stewardship
- C. To adopt harmful practices that degrade the environment
- D. To preserve traditional knowledge and practices for sustainable resource use

20. How does reforestation efforts in Kenya benefit the environment?

- A. By increasing air pollution and greenhouse gas emissions
- B. By reducing biodiversity and wildlife habitats
- C. By restoring degraded landscapes and improving soil fertility
- D. By promoting desertification and land degradation

21. Which of the following is a key characteristic of the climate in the Rift Valley region of Kenya?

- A. High levels of humidity
- B. Frequent rain showers throughout the year
- C. Cooler temperatures due to elevation
- D. Consistently high temperatures

22. Which organization convenes the annual G20 summit of major economies?

- A. European Union
- B. World Health Organization
- C. Group of Twenty (G20)
- D. United Nations

23. Which country in Africa has the highest population?

- A. Ethiopia
- B. Kenya
- C. South Africa
- D. Nigeria

24. Why is maintaining political stability important in problem-solving within a governance system?

- A. Strengthening democratic institutions
- B. Promotion of conflict and violence
- C. Ensuring continuity and progress
- D. Frequent disruptions and unrest

25. Which early civilization is associated with the city of Troy?

- A. Etruscans
- B. Trojans
- C. Persians
- D. Greeks

26. Which East African country is known for its horticultural exports?

- A. Ethiopia
- B. Uganda
- C. Kenya
- D. Tanzania

27. Which African lake is shared by four countries - Tanzania, Uganda, Rwanda, and Burundi?

- A. Lake Malawi
- B. Lake Chad
- C. Lake Turkana
- D. Lake Tanganyika

28. What can you do to prevent conflicts from escalating out of control?

- A. Seek revenge on the other person
- B. Find common ground and work towards a resolution
- C. Escalate the conflict further
- D. Ignore the conflict and pretend it doesn't exist

29. Which government body is responsible for making and enforcing laws in Kenya?

- A. The Military
- B. The Parliament
- C. The Police
- D. The Church

30. Which theory proposes that modern humans evolved in different regions without a single point of origin?

- A. Eurasian Theory
- B. Multiregional Theory
- C. Island Theory
- D. Out of Africa Theory

31. Why is it important for young people to learn about global citizenship?

- A. To encourage isolation and division
- B. To discourage awareness of global issues
- C. To empower them to make positive contributions to society
- D. To inhibit critical thinking and compassion

32. Which of the following African countries is located along the equator and experiences a humid tropical climate with heavy rainfall and lush forests?

- A. Malawi
- B. Sudan
- C. Nigeria
- D. Uganda

33. Jomo Kenyatta inspired in Kenyans a sense of nationalism and a drive for.....

- A. control over neighboring territory taken from them by Europeans.
- B. increased territory and a leadership role in African politics.
- C. the right to self-government and independence.
- D. the creation of the African Union to solve African problems internally

34. Which economic organization system was commonly practiced by the Maasai community in traditional Kenya?

- A. Capitalism
- B. Feudalism
- C. Communism
- D. Barter system

35. Which of the following is an example of sustainable use of water resources?

- A. Leaving taps running while brushing teeth
- B. Over-extracting water from wells
- C. Dumping chemicals in rivers
- D. Using water-efficient irrigation systems

36. Which characteristic did the early civilizations that developed along the Nile, Tigris-Euphrates and the Huang He have in common?

- A. Each society's religious beliefs were based upon monotheism-the belief in one God
- B. Urban communities were built using iron and steel tools in industrial production
- C. Transportation and communication were promoted by mild climate, and natural
- D. The form of government in each community were based upon male suffrage

37. How do human rights laws protect vulnerable groups in society?

- A. By ensuring equal treatment
- B. By excluding them from rights
- C. By limiting their freedoms
- D. By perpetuating discrimination

38. How can creative thinking benefit governance in Kenya?

- A. By disregarding the needs of the citizens
- B. By promoting transparency and accountability
- C. By concentrating power in the hands of a few
- D. By maintaining the status quo

39. Which early civilization is known for the construction of the Pyramids of Giza?

- A. Romans
- B. Egyptians
- C. Persians
- D. Bantu

40. Which type of vegetation is common in areas with a mix of freshwater and saltwater, such as estuaries and deltas?

- A. Mangrove vegetation
- B. Desert vegetation
- C. Alpine vegetation
- D. Savannah vegetation

41. Which African country is known for its unique rock-hewn churches in Lalibela?

- A. Ethiopia
- B. Tanzania
- C. Ghana
- D. Uganda

42. What makes a democracy different from a dictatorship?

- A. Power held by the people
- B. Rule by a single political party
- C. Unlimited power for the ruler
- D. No elections held

43. How does critical thinking contribute to effective participation in democratic processes?

- A. By limiting exposure to diverse perspectives
- B. By promoting conformity to governmental decisions
- C. By fostering critical analysis and informed voting
- D. By discouraging discourse on political issues

44. Which African country is home to the Ngorongoro Conservation Area with ancient human footprints at Laetoli?

- A. Namibia
- B. Tanzania
- C. Uganda
- D. Malawi

45. Which region in Africa has the most fertile agricultural land?

- A. Desert region
- B. Highlands region
- C. Sahel region
- D. Rainforest region

46. Which African country is a major exporter of timber?

- A. Madagascar
- B. Ghana
- C. Mauritius
- D. Namibia

47. What is the significance of justice in conflict resolution?

- A. To foster accountability, fairness, and rule of law
- B. To ignore conflicts
- C. To promote impunity and injustice
- D. To encourage corruption

48. Which African country is home to the Makgadikgadi Pans, one of the largest salt flats in the world?

- A. Namibia
- B. Botswana
- C. South Africa
- D. Zimbabwe

49. What is the role of the President in Kenya's governance?

- A. To build houses for citizens
- B. To operate a retail business
- C. To oversee the implementation of laws
- D. To perform in a music band

50. Which natural material is commonly used by the Pokot tribe in Kenya for constructing fences around their homesteads?

- A. Barbed wire
- B. Bamboo
- C. Metal sheets
- D. Thatch

