Myfuture CBC Revision

islamic religious education -

Question Paper

1. When a person says sorry to Allah and decides not to repeat a sin, this is called what?

A. Repentance (tawbah)

B. Punishing others

C. Pretending it never happened

D. Ignoring the sin

2. What does 'Ulumul Hadith' mean?

A. A type of prayer performed at night

B. A book of Islamic law for Kenya

C. The stories of the prophets in the Quran

D. The sciences and rules used to study and evaluate Hadith

3. What is the main difference between zakat and sadaqa?

A. Only non-Muslims give sadaqa

B. Sadaqa must be given to family only

C. Zakat is obligatory while sadaqa is voluntary

D. Zakat is always small; sadaqa is always large

4. Which behaviour is forbidden because it disrespects parents, who are commanded to be treated kindly?

A. Being rude or abusive to parents

B. Helping parents with chores

C. Speaking to parents respectfully

D. Visiting parents daily

5. Who usually leads the congregational prayers during Hajj gatherings?

A. Each pilgrim leads their own prayer at random times

B. Only the King of Saudi Arabia

C. An imam or designated prayer leader

D. The governor of Mecca personally

6. What event does Eid al-Adha commemorate?

A. The end of Hajj season in Kenya

B. Prophet Ibrahim’s willingness to sacrifice his son in obedience to Allah

C. The night the Quran was revealed

D. The start of Ramadan

7. What does it mean to be truthful (sidq) in your speech?

A. Exaggerating stories to impress friends

B. Making promises you do not intend to keep

C. Saying whatever people want to hear to please them

D. Speaking honestly even when it is difficult

8. Which of the following is a correct way to teach children about avoiding shirk at home?

A. Keep children away from all religious practices

B. Explain that worship is for Allah alone and encourage sincere intentions

C. Tell them to believe in every local superstition without question

D. Encourage them to use amulets for protection instead of dua

9. Why should disputes in business be resolved using clear records and witnesses according to Islamic teachings?

A. To confuse the other party so they give up

B. To establish the truth and ensure justice between parties

C. So one party can always win

D. Because records are more important than truth

10. What is the correct Islamic attitude toward asking righteous people to make dua for you?

A. You must worship them as gods

B. You should buy charms from them

C. You may ask them to pray for you, but direct worship and ultimate reliance belong to Allah

D. You should never speak to them

11. Which of the following is forbidden when giving evidence in court or before people?

A. Telling the truth even if it is hard

B. Asking for more time to remember details

C. Refusing to speak when asked for evidence

D. Giving false testimony or lying under oath

12. What does 'Ulumul Qur'an' mean?

A. Islamic history of Kenya

B. Sciences or studies of the Qur'an

C. Stories of the prophets

D. Rules of daily prayer

13. Which daily habit is taught by Hadith and commonly followed, for example in Kenya?

A. Always eating with the left hand

B. Never sharing food with others

C. Using the right hand for eating, as taught by the Prophet

D. Eating only while standing

14. What does 'haya' (modesty) generally encourage a Muslim child to do?

A. Ignore the feelings of others

B. Show off achievements loudly

C. Act superior to classmates

D. Be humble in speech and behaviour

15. Which virtue helps you control anger and avoid hurting others?

A. Showing off strength

B. Being rude

C. Sabr (patience) and self-control

D. Anger

16. Insulting or showing disrespect to Allah or the Prophet is considered what in Islam?

A. A harmless joke

B. A serious sin and forbidden

C. A recommended action

D. An act of worship

17. Why is it recommended to keep a written marriage agreement or record?

A. To provide proof of the marriage and details like mahr if disputes arise

B. To make the marriage secret forever

C. To ensure nobody knows the spouses' names

D. To allow changing the marriage whenever guests suggest

18. What is Sa'i?

A. The name of the pilgrim's certificate

B. The farewell meal before returning home

C. An extra prayer performed at the Kaaba

D. Walking seven times between the hills of Safa and Marwah

19. Why do scholars study Ulum al-Qur'an?

A. To understand how the Qur'an was revealed, preserved and how to interpret it correctly

B. To memorize only the longest surahs

C. To learn how to build mosques

D. To collect stories for school play

20. Why do Muslims study Hadith alongside the Quran?

A. Because Hadith is more important than prayer

B. Only to learn history without guidance

C. To replace the Quran with Hadith

D. Because Hadith explains how the Prophet practised and taught the Quran in daily life

21. Which is forbidden as an intoxicant and harmful habit in many Muslim teachings?

A. Using illegal drugs that impair the mind and harms the body
B. Eating healthy food for growth

C. Taking prescribed medicine advised by a doctor

D. Drinking water when thirsty

22. What is the main aim of teaching akhlaq (moral education) in Kenyan schools?

A. To avoid helping the community

B. To teach only exam techniques

C. To form good character and responsible citizens

D. To encourage breaking rules

23. What do Muslims mean when they say they believe in revealed scriptures?

A. They only read religious books of other faiths

B. They reject all books revealed before the Qur'an

C. They accept the books sent by Allah to His prophets

D. They follow only cultural traditions

24. Which action best reflects the moral quality of generosity (sadaqah) in a Kenyan school setting?

A. Keeping all your charity for public praise

B. Lending your pencil only to your best friend

C. Sharing your food or giving a small gift to a classmate in need
D. Refusing to share lunch with a hungry classmate

25. How should Kenyan Muslim pupils treat classmates who follow other revealed scriptures?

A. With respect and kindness while maintaining Islamic beliefs

B. By refusing to talk to them at school

C. By forcing them to change religion

D. With ridicule to show superiority

26. Which collection is known as one of the most authentic books of Hadith accepted by many scholars?

A. A local history textbook

B. Sahih al-Bukhari

C. A book of modern poetry

D. A travel diary

27. Which dimension of morality focuses mainly on a person’s relationship with Allah?

A. Spiritual dimension

B. Economic dimension

C. Social dimension

D. Political dimension

28. Which behaviour is prohibited because it damages trust and relationships by not telling the truth?

A. Smiling at someone

B. Saying ‘as-salamu alaykum’

C. Listening politely

D. Lying

29. Which Ulul-Azm received the final revelation, the Qur'an?

A. Muhammad

B. Musa

C. Ibrahim

D. Isa

30. Which business practice is forbidden in Islam because it deceives buyers?

A. Replacing a faulty product under agreement

B. Clearly explaining the condition of an item to a buyer

C. Offering a fair price based on quality

D. Selling defective goods while hiding faults from the buyer

31. How does Tawhid influence justice in society?

A. Belief in accountability to Allah motivates fair treatment of others
B. It teaches to ignore laws

C. It promotes seeking revenge without reason

D. It suggests only family should be helped

32. Which behaviour is considered backbiting (ghibah) and is prohibited in Islam?

A. Encouraging a friend to improve their behaviour

B. Praising someone publicly for good deeds

C. Asking for forgiveness for a friend's mistake

D. Speaking about someone behind their back in a way they would dislike

33. Why should contracts be clear and agreed upon by both parties in Islam?

A. Because unclear contracts are more profitable

B. To prevent disputes and ensure fairness

C. To allow one party to change terms secretly

D. So the seller can trick the buyer later

34. What does belief in the revealed books teach about the source of guidance for humans?

A. Guidance is unnecessary for life

B. Guidance comes only from human laws

C. Guidance comes from Allah through revelations sent to prophets
D. Guidance is found only in local customs

35. Which of the following is wrong and forbidden towards parents in Islam?

A. Being rude or disobedient to parents without valid reason

B. Visiting parents regularly

C. Helping parents with household work

D. Listening respectfully to parents

36. How many rak'ahs are performed in the Eid (al-Fitr or al-Adha) prayer?

A. One rak'ah

B. Two rak'ahs

C. Three rak'ahs

D. Four rak'ahs

37. Which act regarding life is prohibited in Islam even if someone feels hopeless?

A. Taking one's own life (suicide)

B. Seeking help from family, friends and professionals

C. Praying and asking Allah for patience and help

D. Talking to a counsellor about problems

38. If a husband pronounces divorce but later both agree to reconcile during iddah, what can happen?

A. They must move to another country

B. They must marry other people first

C. They can reconcile and resume the marriage if conditions allow
D. The divorce becomes immediate and final with no option

39. Which of the following refers to the scriptures given to Prophet Isa (Jesus) in Islamic terminology?

A. Zabur

B. Injil

C. Tawrat

D. Qur'an

40. What does 'Mawdu'' (fabricated) mean about a Hadith?

A. A Hadith written in many books

B. The most authentic Hadith

C. A Hadith that was falsely attributed to the Prophet

D. A Hadith about farming

41. Which type of Hadith report is transmitted by a single narrator or few narrators?

A. Mutawatir

B. Ahad

C. Musnad

D. Tawaqquf

42. Which choice best shows modesty in behaviour and speech?

A. Speaking politely and dressing in a way that does not show off

B. Using rude words to get attention

C. Bragging about your family's wealth to impress others

D. Making fun of people who dress differently

43. What marks the completion of Umrah?

A. Shaving or trimming the hair (halq or taqsir) after tawaf and sa'i

B. Standing at Arafat for a full day

C. Throwing stones at Jamarat

D. Performing an animal sacrifice at Mina

44. Which reform changed the rules of marriage to protect women's rights?

A. Making all marriages invalid after puberty

B. Requiring a bride's consent and giving a dowry to her

C. Forbidding women from choosing their spouse

D. Allowing men to take brides without any agreement

45. Which is forbidden as it breaks the trust between people and is considered dishonourable?

A. Helping to clean the mosque

B. Keeping a promise

C. Sharing knowledge with classmates

D. Breach of trust (betraying someone's trust)

46. How do you calculate the amount of zakat to pay on qualifying wealth?

A. Multiply qualifying wealth by 0.025 (2.5%)

B. Divide total wealth by 2

C. Pay as much as you like

D. Multiply total wealth by 10

47. Which reform introduced consultation (shura) in decision-making for the community?

A. Voting only by elders to exclude youth

B. Giving one person absolute power without advice

C. Relying only on dreams for decisions

D. Encouraging consultation (shura) among leaders and companions

48. Doing acts of worship just to impress people rather than for Allah is called what?

A. Riya (showing off)

B. Generosity

C. Sincerity

D. Humility

49. Which reform set rules to ensure honesty in testimony and evidence in courts?

A. Encouraging truthful testimony and fair judgment

B. Banning written records in all cases

C. Allowing judges to decide solely by personal wishes

D. Permitting lies in court to protect friends

50. Which quality is most important for an Islamic leader to have when making decisions for the community?

A. Justice and fairness

B. Liking only family members

C. Hiding information from people

D. Favoring personal friends always