



Myfuture CBC Revision

islamic religious education -

Question Paper

1. Which Caliph reorganised the empire into provinces and appointed governors to improve administration?

- A. Umar ibn al-Khattab
- B. Ali ibn Abi Talib
- C. Abu Bakr al-Siddiq
- D. Uthman ibn Affan

2. Which food is clearly forbidden for Muslims to eat?

- A. Cooked vegetables
- B. Pork
- C. Beef that is slaughtered properly
- D. Fish

3. Talking about someone behind their back in a way that harms their reputation is called what?

- A. Backbiting
- B. Giving sincere advice
- C. Telling a secret with permission
- D. Praising publicly

4. Which behaviour is prohibited because it shows arrogance and self-superiority, which the Prophet warned against?

- A. Being confident when giving a speech
- B. Standing tall during prayer
- C. Behaving arrogantly and looking down on others
- D. Feeling proud of doing a good deed quietly

5. Which Caliph ordered the standardisation and distribution of official copies of the Qur'an?

- A. Umar ibn al-Khattab
- B. Uthman ibn Affan
- C. Abu Bakr al-Siddiq
- D. Ali ibn Abi Talib

6. The Battle of Siffin (657 CE) was fought between which two leaders?

- A. Umar ibn al-Khattab and the Byzantines
- B. Uthman ibn Affan and the Persians
- C. Abu Bakr and Musaylimah
- D. Ali ibn Abi Talib and Muawiya ibn Abi Sufyan

7. Which dynasty followed after the period of the Rightly Guided Caliphs?

- A. The Fatimid Caliphate
- B. The Abbasid Caliphate
- C. The Ottoman Empire
- D. The Umayyad Caliphate

8. Which sexual action is forbidden according to Islamic teachings outside a lawful marriage?

- A. Studying human biology in school
- B. Adultery and fornication
- C. Holding hands with parental permission
- D. Seeing a doctor for sexual health

9. What is forbidden because it involves making offerings or worship to anyone or anything besides Allah?

- A. Giving zakat
- B. Reciting Quran
- C. Praying five times a day
- D. Shirk (associating partners with Allah)

10. Which Quranic teaching helps prevent shirk?

- A. Belief that worship is unnecessary
- B. Belief in the oneness of Allah and that He alone is worshipped
- C. Belief that many beings share God's role
- D. Belief that objects can act as gods

11. What city served as the political and religious capital during the Rightly Guided Caliphs?

- A. Kufa
- B. Damascus
- C. Mecca
- D. Medina

12. Why is shirk considered a very serious sin in Islam?

- A. Because it makes fasting easier
- B. Because it makes a person pray more often
- C. Because it increases wealth
- D. Because it rejects the oneness of Allah, which is the core of faith

13. Which choice is an example of good Islamic etiquette when greeting someone?

- A. Ignoring them completely
- B. Running away
- C. Shouting to get attention
- D. Saying Salam and smiling

14. Breaking a promise or not keeping a trust is considered wrong. What is the best description of this in Islamic teaching?

- A. Following a lawful contract
- B. Keeping a secret with permission
- C. Helping a friend
- D. Betraying a trust (breaking amanah)

15. Which of these beliefs is closest to polytheism, which Islam calls shirk?

- A. Believing many gods share control of the world
- B. Believing in one God who is all-powerful
- C. Believing knowledge comes from study
- D. Believing that kindness matters

16. Doing acts of worship just to impress people rather than for Allah is called what?

- A. Sincerity
- B. Riya (showing off)
- C. Generosity
- D. Humility

17. Which of the following is wrong and forbidden towards parents in Islam?

- A. Helping parents with household work
- B. Listening respectfully to parents
- C. Visiting parents regularly
- D. Being rude or disobedient to parents without valid reason

18. Helping a neighbour after a flood in your Kenyan community is an example of which virtue?

- A. Indifference
- B. Selfishness
- C. Greed
- D. Neighbourliness and compassion

19. Which of the following is forbidden because it involves harming others by mocking or insulting their faith or identity?

- A. Discussing religious differences respectfully
- B. Inviting someone politely to learn about your faith
- C. Mocking or insulting someone's religion or identity
- D. Asking questions to understand another's beliefs

20. Which of the following is an example of good manners (adab) at school?

- A. Copying friends' work without permission
- B. Greeting the teacher politely and listening
- C. Throwing rubbish in the classroom
- D. Interrupting the teacher often

21. Which battle is known as the Battle of the Camel (Jaml) and involved Aisha opposing Caliph Ali?

- A. Battle of Badr
- B. Battle of Khaybar
- C. Battle of Uhud
- D. Battle of Jamal

22. How long did the period of the Rightly Guided Caliphs last (from Abu Bakr to Ali)?

- A. 29 years (632–661 CE)
- B. 100 years (600–700 CE)
- C. 10 years (632–642 CE)
- D. 50 years (600–650 CE)

23. Which action shows the Islamic virtue of generosity (sadaqah)?

- A. Giving food to a hungry neighbour
- B. Ignoring someone in need
- C. Keeping all your money to yourself
- D. Borrowing without returning

24. Which of the following is clearly prohibited (haram) in Islam and often mentioned along with intoxicants in the Quran?

- A. Eating halal meat
- B. Giving charity
- C. Consuming alcoholic drinks
- D. Fasting during Ramadan

25. Which behaviour is prohibited because it destroys trust in agreements and weakens society when people break promises for selfish reasons?

- A. Negotiating a new agreement fairly
- B. Postponing a meeting with permission
- C. Changing plans after discussing with others
- D. Breaking oaths or sworn promises without valid reason

26. Which of the following is an example of treating a righteous person as an intermediary in a way that becomes shirk?

- A. Respecting a pious elder and learning from them
- B. Believing only that the righteous person has the power to grant wishes instead of Allah
- C. Seeking medical advice from a qualified doctor
- D. Helping a good friend with homework

27. Which type of statement would be considered shirk in speech?

- A. Saying 'Alhamdulillah' after a blessing
- B. Saying thank you to a friend
- C. Claiming 'this charm brings luck like Allah would'
- D. Reciting a dua asking Allah for guidance

28. What were the main sources of law and guidance used by the Rightly Guided Caliphs when making decisions?

- A. Only local tribal customs without reference to revelation
- B. Roman law adopted directly
- C. Astrology and omens
- D. The Qur'an and the Sunnah (teachings and practice of the Prophet)

29. Who was the first of the Rightly Guided Caliphs?

- A. Umar ibn al-Khattab
- B. Abu Bakr al-Siddiq
- C. Uthman ibn Affan
- D. Ali ibn Abi Talib

30. Which statement shows an act of minor shirk (shirk asghar)?

- A. Refusing to pray at all
- B. Showing off in prayer to impress people
- C. Denying the existence of Allah
- D. Worshipping trees as gods

31. Which virtue encourages a Muslim to say the truth even when it is difficult?

- A. Truthfulness
- B. Laziness
- C. Greed
- D. Bragging

32. Which action demonstrates compassion towards the less fortunate, a virtue taught in Islam?

- A. Donating clothes and helping at a community kitchen
- B. Ignoring beggars in the street
- C. Taking advantage of their situation
- D. Being rude to people who ask for help

33. Which practise is allowed and does NOT lead to shirk?

- A. Believing a picture has divine power
- B. Asking Allah directly for forgiveness and help
- C. Performing magic to control others
- D. Giving the name of a saint the right to answer prayers instead of Allah

34. Which Caliph established the public treasury (Bayt al-Mal) to manage state funds and welfare?

- A. Abu Bakr al-Siddiq
- B. Umar ibn al-Khattab
- C. Ali ibn Abi Talib
- D. Uthman ibn Affan

35. Which of the following is prohibited because it involves engaging with magic or superstitious harmful practices?

- A. Practising harmful witchcraft or magic
- B. Using a calculator
- C. Learning about history
- D. Reading a medical book

36. What action is forbidden because it violates other people's property rights?

- A. Stealing from someone
- B. Borrowing with permission
- C. Sharing toys with friends
- D. Helping someone carry a load

37. Which Caliph established the official Islamic (Hijri) calendar system?

- A. Ali ibn Abi Talib
- B. Umar ibn al-Khattab
- C. Abu Bakr al-Siddiq
- D. Uthman ibn Affan

38. Which of the following actions shows reliance on Allah and avoids shirk?

- A. Refusing to study because destiny will decide everything
- B. Claiming a toy can answer prayers
- C. Making dua to Allah and then doing your best effort
- D. Relying only on a lucky charm before an exam

39. Seeking revenge by harming someone unjustly is what according to Islamic teaching?

- A. Wrong and forbidden when done unjustly
- B. The same as forgiving
- C. A way to earn reward
- D. Always recommended

40. Which attitude that wishes bad for another person's blessings is forbidden in Islam?

- A. Envy (hasad) that wishes someone's blessings be taken away
- B. Being happy for a friend's success
- C. Wishing to learn from others
- D. Feeling inspired to work harder

41. Why did Caliph Uthman order the compilation and standardisation of the Qur'an?

- A. To translate the Qur'an into many languages only
- B. To create a new holy book different from the Prophet's Qur'an
- C. To preserve correct recitation and prevent disputes over different readings
- D. To replace the Sunnah as a source of law

42. Why is keeping promises important in Islam?

- A. Promises are optional and unimportant
- B. It builds trust and shows honesty
- C. It allows you to avoid responsibility
- D. It makes you more popular on social media

43. How should a Muslim respond if someone asks them to worship a saint as a god?

- A. Refuse and explain that worship is due only to Allah
- B. Worship secretly to fit in
- C. Agree to avoid causing trouble
- D. Ignore religion entirely

44. Which statement describes a prohibited act because it harms social harmony by spreading falsehood for personal gain?

- A. Discussing a class project
- B. Spreading rumours to damage someone's reputation
- C. Sharing school announcements
- D. Telling an inspirational story

45. Who was the fourth Rightly Guided Caliph?

- A. Umar ibn al-Khattab
- B. Ali ibn Abi Talib
- C. Uthman ibn Affan
- D. Abu Bakr al-Siddiq

46. What does 'Amanah' (trustworthiness) mean in daily life?

- A. Taking things that do not belong to you
- B. Spreading rumours about friends
- C. Breaking promises when convenient
- D. Keeping promises and returning what is entrusted

47. Which of the following is an example of major shirk (shirk al-akbar)?

- A. Making a mistake in reciting a verse of the Qur'an
- B. Worshipping an idol as a god instead of Allah
- C. Forgetting to perform wudu
- D. Helping a neighbour in need

48. Deliberately missing the five daily prayers without a valid reason is considered what in Islam?

- A. A neutral action with no impact
- B. A meritorious deed
- C. The same as praying on time
- D. A sinful neglect that is forbidden

49. Which phrase shows belief in Tawhid and avoids shirk?

- A. A stone can grant rain like Allah
- B. There is no god but Allah, and Muhammad is His messenger
- C. My teacher controls the sun
- D. We must worship ancestors as gods

50. Accepting or giving bribes is not allowed.
What word best describes this wrongdoing?

- A. Mutual help
- B. Charity
- C. Corruption (bribery)
- D. Voluntary service